

SAVE THE CHILDREN IN MOZAMBIQUE

Education, Health and Nutrition, Child Protection, Child Rights Governance, Child Poverty, Emergency Programming



Save the Children (SC) was first established in 1919 to help children affected by the First World War. We respond to major emergencies, deliver innovative development programmes, and ensure children's voices are heard through our campaigning to build a better future for and with children. In 2019, we directly reached over 40.8 million children in 117 countries around the world, including Mozambique. In recent decades the world has made unprecedented progress in how it treats children. Yet millions of children are still being left behind and denied the opportunity to survive and fulfil their potential. By 2030, we aim to inspire the following breakthroughs in the way the world treats children:

- Survive: No child dies from preventable causes before their fifth birthday.
- Learn: All children learn from a quality basic education.
- Be Protected: Violence against children is no longer tolerated.

SC opened programmes in Mozambique in 1986 at the height of the Mozambican civil war, with a focus on tracing the families of children who were separated during the conflict. Since our early work in the country, Save the Children Mozambique (SCIMOZ) has focused on reaching the most marginilalized and disadvantaged children and their families. Today, SCIMOZ has a mixed development and humanitarian portfolio of \$ 31.8 million USD, with provincial and district offices in eight out of 11 provinces in the country – Maputo, Gaza, Sofala, Manica, Tete, Zambezia, Nampula and Cabo Delgado. SC maintains over 500 full-time staff and works in close partnership with government ministries, civil society organisations and other key stakeholders at the national, provincial, district and community levels. In 2019, SCIMOZ began an emergency response to the urgent humanitarian needs caused by Cyclones Idai and Kenneth, and continues to work in Cabo Delgado to respond to the needs caused by violent attacks there. To date, the emergency response has reached 249,718 adults and 168,029 children. During 2019, SCIMOZ reached 8,606,762 beneficiaries, directly and indirectly through our programs. Out of which, 78% (842,102) were children.





Our current (2019-2021) strategy focuses on education, health and nutrition, child protection, child poverty, and child rights governance (CRG). Our additional strategic goals include Gender, Child Marriage, and Humanitarian and Resilience. SCIMOZ has long-standing experience in emergency programming, ranging from humanitarian assistance to preparedness activities. Although we have sector-specific interventions, we ensure cross-thematic integration to the extent possible. For example, to make schools a safe place for all children, we combine education activities with child protection and disaster risk reduction. Likewise, CRG-elements feature in many of our projects to assure child participation and accountablity to children.

As of August 2020, we are stewarding 32 active grants with a total life of award value of \$77,800,000. We have extensive experience of managing awards supported by bilateral donors (e.g. USAID, USDA, ODFA, SIDA, DFID, NORAD, SIDA, GAC, AICS); multilateral donors such as the ECHO, World Bank; foundations such as the Gates Foundation; and UN Agencies including UNICEF. Finally, we engage private donors for our sponsorship projects, mainly in the education sector. We work closely with authorities, local civil society organisations, as well as fellow international organizations with a presence in Mozambique.

For more information: Nimaya Peiris, Business Development Manager, nimaya.peiris@savethechildren.org



SAVE THE CHILDREN IN CABO DELGADO

Delivering Integrated Child Protection, Education, Food Security and Livelihoods, Health & COVID-19 prevention and response programming

Natural disasters, such as Cyclone Kenneth in April 2019 and flooding in December 2019, as well as attacks by armed groups in Cabo Delgado that began in October 2017 and have intensified since late 2019, have resulted in the destruction of villages, businesses, homes and other social support structures coupled with an increase in population displacement in Cabo Delgado province. Communities are faced with a triple crises and millions of people have lost their livelihoods, face extreme violence, and increasing number of girls and boys are out of school due to Covid-19 closures or a lack of safe learning spaces. Children are among the most-affected by ongoing forced displacement. Communities, in most cases, do not have disaster preparedness plans and will not be able to respond appropriately as climate change intensifies and disasters become more severe.

Save the Children started operations in Cabo Delgado in May 2019, in response to the humanitarian needs caused by cyclone Kenneth. Its main provincial office is located in Pemba, the capital of the Cabo Delgado province. Save the



Children is currently delivering programmes in Metuge, Pemba, Mecufi, Chiure, Macomia and Montepuez districts, directly reaching 64,344 people including 23,220 children.

Our priority sectors:

Child Protection

Sector Goal: Affected boys and girls can access timely and quality prevention and response interventions to child protection concerns.

Education in Emergencies:

Sector Goal: Improved equitable, safe, inclusive and protective access and quality of learning for both ECCD and Primary Education for children affected by cyclones, violence, drought and other emergencies

Food Security and Livelihoods:

Sector Goal: Strengthened resilience livelihoods systems through strong early recovery interventions, integrated with capacity building activities.

Nutrition and Health

Sector Goal: Ensure and re-establish adequate (equitable, safe, inclusive and protective) health care and nutrition service provision to the most vulnerable and affected populations by cyclones, violence, drought, outbreaks and other emergencies situations.